H2C Rulebook

Home/Host Cooperation Rulebook

for Operations between Deposit Guarantee Schemes
under Article 14(5) of Directive 2014/49/EU of 16 April 2014

Edited by the European Forum of Deposit Insurers (EFDI)

Version 1.0.0 – 15 September 2016
The H2C Rulebook” or “the Rulebook” has been elaborated, by the European Forum of Deposit Insurers (EFDI).

This H2C Rulebook constitutes a part of the Agreement under Articles 14 of Directive 2014/49/EU of 16 April 2014 on deposit guarantee schemes edited by EFDI.

The H2C Rulebook is structured as follows:
- Chapters 1 to 7 for cross-border payouts;
- Chapter 8 for the transfer of contributions;
- Chapter 9 for mutual lending and borrowing.

Versioning trail

Any changes of the H2C Rulebook contents will be identified within the versioning trail below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Author</th>
<th>Note</th>
<th>Date of enforcement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Final v1.0.0</td>
<td>H2C team</td>
<td>Official version</td>
<td>December 2016</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Glossary

Legal definitions in the main body of the Agreement apply to this Rulebook. This glossary provides with reminders or operational descriptions of some key wording

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EF DI</td>
<td>European Forum of Deposit Insurers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DG SDS</td>
<td>Deposits Guarantee Scheme Directive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DG S</td>
<td>Deposits Guarantee Scheme</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home DGS</td>
<td>The DGS under which a deposit taker operates and for the purposes of this paper the DGS in which a banking default has occurred requiring payout.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Host DGS</td>
<td>The DGS where a deposit taker’s branches operate in, with the deposit taker still being subject to Home DGS scope rather Host DGS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Destination DGS</td>
<td>The DGS who is the intended recipient of the file uploaded by the Source DGS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source DGS</td>
<td>The DGS who has uploaded a file to a Destination DGS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCV</td>
<td>A Single Customer View is an aggregated, consistent and complete representation of the customer’s claim, as well as basic id and address information about the customer. See also Wikipedia’s interesting definition on a wider scope.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UML</td>
<td>From Wikipedia: The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a general-purpose modeling language in the field of software engineering, which is designed to provide a standard way to visualize the design of a system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use Case</td>
<td>In software and systems engineering, a use case is a list of steps, typically defining interactions between a role (known in Unified Modeling Language (UML) as an “actor”) and a system, to achieve a goal. The actor can be a human or an external system.</td>
</tr>
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CHAPTER 1: DIRECTORIES

This Chapter shall be completed with the data provided by the Parties to the Agreement, at the latest when sending the letter of adherence to EFDI.

The following directories, by alphabetical order of country, provide with the Contact List of DGSs’ key people for handling the Payout Event.

Instructions for filling this section:
- This document should be filled-in and updated in English by the Parties at any change and all along the Payout.
- Other key people involved may be added (i.e. liquidator, supervisory,...).

DGS XXXX
Name, title, role, subordinated areas, email, deputy person, direct phone extension, mobile phone,... for :  
- Crossborder payout point of entry  
- Mutual lending point of entry  
- Transfer of contributions point of entry  
- Managing Director of the DGS  
- Legal Officer  
- Operations  
- Communications  
- SCV/IT  
- Payment/finance

DGS XXXX
Name, title, role, subordinated areas, email, deputy person, direct phone extension, mobile phone,... for :  
- Crossborder payout point of entry  
- Mutual lending point of entry  
- Transfer of contributions point of entry  
- Managing Director of the DGS  
- Legal Officer  
- Operations  
- Communications  
- SCV/IT  
- Payment/finance
CHAPTER 2: PREPAREDNESS AND TESTS

PRELIMINARY VERSION – TO BE COMPLETED IN A LATER VERSION OF THE RULEBOOK

Note: this chapter will be drafted by EFDI stress test working groups, taking into accounts EBA guidelines in that matter

Pay-out process arrangements can only be considered to be truly effective if the contents and the components of the arrangements have been tested. Testing can be done in various ways and can be full fletch as well as partial depending of the objectives of the test.

Formats of testing to be considered:
• Orientation test: getting acquainted with (parts of) the arrangements
• Table-top exercise: walking through (parts of) the arrangements and identifying the shortcomings
• Simulation: executing (parts of) the arrangements

Good practice is to vary in types of testing and in focus of testing. Focuses to be considered (non-limitative):
• Exchanging a test payment instruction file
• “Local” pay-out process
• “Local” pay-out system
• Communication process
• Crisis management process
CHAPTER 3: COOPERATION PROCESS BETWEEN THE HOME DGS & THE HOST DGS

This chapter details the various steps of the cooperation process between the Home DGS and the Host DGS along the phases of the Payout.

1. Prior notification of a Payout Event

In case the Home DGSs becomes aware of a Potential Payout on a Relevant Credit Institution, it:

- Checks on the possible branches of that Relevant Credit Institution abroad
- Gathers all the available information of those branches
- Sends a preliminary notification to the Host DGS using contact list in Chapter 1 of this Rulebook
- Provides the Host DGS with the relevant information it had gathered using the list at Section 7 below
- Tests the Payment Instructions File transfer channel with sending a test material to the Host DGS under the specifications according to the protocol chosen by the two parties
- Tests the Payout Amount transfer channel with a test material under the specifications of the Rulebook
- Provides the Host DGS with the set of Communication Tools to Host Depositors and Media written in English or the Cooperation language as defined in the Rulebook
- Confirms the entire list of the Communication Tools that have to be set up.

Accordingly, the Host DGS:

- Handles the notification with due care and in no case with less care than it would do for a similar event involving one of its member banks, including by checking its Payout solution and Payout Process, preparing the Communication Tools listed in the Rulebook and alerting its external providers if so needed
- Tests the Payment Instruction File communication channel with analysing the test material from the Home DGS
- Provides the Home DGS the scale of communication means and resources needed considering the volume and profile of incoming enquiries of Host Depositors and media
- Reports to the Home DGS on the completion of the checks and tests above.

2. Confirmation of the Payout Event
Upon receiving notification of the Payout Event on a Relevant Credit Institution, the Home DGS:

- Confirms immediately the failure to the Host DGS
- Performs all the checks, tests and information-sharing with the Host DGS that were required during the Potential Payout phase if that one had to be skipped
- Assesses and communicates to the Host DGS the calendar of the Payout Process at the Host DGS
- Completes the Host DGS’s information in all possible extent using the list at section 7 below
- Finalises the Communication Tools to be used by the Host DGS according to the Rulebook.

The Host DGS:

- Performs all the checks, tests and alerts required during the Potential Payout phase if that one had to be skipped
- Handles the Payout with due care and in no case with less care than it would do for a similar event involving one of its member banks
- Finalises the Communication Tools and means for Host Depositors and Media in the Host language
- Starts to inform and communicate with the public through tools and means referred to in the Rulebook;
- Provides the Home DGS with the references of the Dedicated Account to be used for the Payout.

3. Payout preparation

After it receives and validates a proper SCV file from the Relevant Credit Institution, also using the list in section 7 below, the Home DGS:

- Extracts from the SCV file the number of eligible depositors and communicates it to the Host DGS with no delay
- Confirms the exact calendar expected for the Payout for the Host DGS
- Builds the Payment Instruction File to be sent to the Host DGS
- Determines and communicates with no delay to the Host DGS the number of Host Depositors who should be compensated and the average amount of the compensation in the same way and with the same diligence as it does for the home depositors’ payout
- Sends the Payment Instruction File and the Payout Amount to the Host DGS following the prescriptions of Provisions 7.3.b and 14.1 of the main body of the
Agreement, and at the latest at the same time than it starts the Payout for Home Depositors.

4. Payout by the Host DGS

After the Host DGS receives the Payment Instruction File and the Payout Amount, the Host DGS:

- Activates its Payment Solution with due care and in no case with less care than it would do for a similar event involving one of its member banks
- Communicates to Host depositors and media, under the prescriptions of this Rulebook and instructions by the Home DGS
- Adjusts the Communication tools and means considering the volume and profile of Host depositors and media enquiries, in accordance with the Home DGS, and provides the Home DGS the additional costs impact if any
- Starts paying out the Host Depositors following the prescriptions of Provision 7.3.c of the main body of the Agreement and at the latest within the delay needed for a similar domestic event, between the moment the Instruction of Payments are completed and at the moment depositors’ Payout process starts
- Monitors the Payout Process with due care and in no case with less care than for a similar domestic event
- Operates payment and financial flows reconciliation as prescribed in the Agreement and the Rulebook.

5. Claims handling and Temporary High Balances (THB)

The Host DGS:

- Receives claims and requests for Temporary High Balances treatment of Host Depositors, according to the Template for Depositors claims in this Rulebook
- Provides in that field to the Home DGS the minimum and additional Services mentioned in Schedule 2 of the Agreement
- Pays out Host Depositors after receiving the according Payment Instruction File and Payment Amount with due care and in no case with less care than for a similar domestic event
- Transmits to the Host Depositor copy of the correspondence coming from the Home DGS about the Claim.

The Home DGS:

- Takes the decisions needed on those claims and THB requests
- Sends to the Host DGS the corresponding Payment Instruction File, Payment Amount and Correspondence to the Host DGS with the same diligence and promptness than for Home Depositors.

6. Final operations and ex post assessment

After the Payout, the Host DGS:
- Provides the Home DGS with the final valuation of Costs and the corresponding bills
- Transfers back to the Home DGS the remaining part of the Payout Amount that is left available after the completion of the Payout, as well as the excess between the advance payment received on costs and the actual costs it has borne, if any
- Performs a depositor satisfaction survey and/or evaluation under the Home DGS’s request, specifications and expenses
- Provides the Home DGS with the data it needs for an assessment of the Payout
- Publishes the announcement of the closing of the Payout Event using the template in this Rulebook
- Exchanges view with the Home DGS on their analysis of the Payout Process.

The Home DGS:
- Reimburses the Host DGS for the Costs with the same diligence and promptness as for its own service providers
- Exchanges view with the Host DGS on their analysis of the Payout Process.
- Transmit to the Host the official announcement of the closing of the Payout Event in English or agreed cooperation language using the template in this H2C Rulebook.

7. Template for exchanging information on the Relevant Credit institution and Branch

The prescribed template list for exchanging information about the failed institution is the following one:

1. Name of the Relevant Institution
   - official (legal) name
   - short name
2. Possible timeframes: date of the closing, start of the payout process
3. Background information on the Relevant Institution: short history, market share, possible market impact of the closing if relevant, e.g. in case of an exchange listed bank, any specific information useful for understanding the Payout Event
4. Depositors: profile and volume
5. Payout Process: methods, time, and other specificities
6. Amount of Deposits and categories of products
7. Currency of the payout
8. Communications Message: main architecture, background information, fact sheet
9. Number of branches in the Host Country, geographical locations, even agencies/outlets that are not officially branches but suitable for the Communication Message
10. Information on the other DGSs, and points of entry within those DGSs, that may be also involved in the upcoming Payout Event
11. Estimated reaction from the stakeholder groups: e.g. depositors, media, public life actors in the Home country for public declaration of the failure
12. Estimated number of incoming calls in the Host country based on the estimated number of incoming calls in the Home country during the whole Payout as well as an estimation of the biggest daily peak of incoming calls
13. Communication set of Tools used at the Home Country
14. Key visuals: logo of the Relevant Institution and of the Home DGS in appropriate file formats
15. Language(s):
   - Cooperation language
   - Host media and Depositor language
16. Any other information the Host DGS should take into consideration
This chapter describes the scenarios for Home DGS and Host DGS file interactions when the Host DGS will compensate customers on behalf of the Home DGS.

The following scenarios have currently been identified in section 2:

2.1 Payment Instructions from Home to Host
2.2 Rejection of a Payment Instruction from Host to Home;
2.3 Payment Status Reports from Host to Home;
2.4 Payment Cancellation Instruction from Home to Host;
2.5 Acknowledgement of File

The chapter specifies scenarios, syntaxes and formats for the files sent between Home and Host.

1 Overview

This document describes the process for Home DGS (Home) and Host DGS (Host) file interactions when the Host will compensate customers on behalf of the Home. This process will be referred to in this document as the “Article 14 Payout Operation”.

1.1 In Scope

The following core scenarios have currently been identified:

2.1 Payment Instructions from Home to Host.
2.2 Rejection of a Payment Instruction from Host to Home.
2.3 Payment Status Reports from Host to Home.
2.4 Payment Cancellation Instruction from Home to Host.
2.5 Acknowledgement of File.

The following figure shows the major flows of information between Home and Host.
Information flow between Home and Host

- SCV: Payment instructions
- Rejects
- Payment Status
- Payment Cancellation
1.2 Outside of Scope

This payment specification has been produced with the express objective of supporting a payout operation. Whilst the solution may have some capability to support the following items, it has not been designed to specifically meet these requirements.

- Real time information exchange – this solution has not been designed to support a real time exchange of claim information, and as such should not be used for this purpose. Examples include:
  - Temporary High Balance (THB) - it is anticipated that for cross border processing of THB claims, the Home and Host will need to communicate with each other.
  - Customer queries – the Host might need to relay information between the Home and the branch customer
- Account-level or compensation queries – this solution does not cater to the exchange of account-level information, or provide the Host DGS with any information as to what the payment is in relation to.
- Top up agreements
  - Certain member states have topping up agreements in place. This is where a deposit taking branch has agreed with the Host DGS, whereby the Home DGS will handle compensations up to the Home DGS’ statutory limit and the Host DGS will top up the compensation to the Host DGS’ statutory limit. These agreements could exist at a specific default level.
  - The Host DGS would therefore require account-level data as well as the knowledge of how the balances in these accounts link to the Home Payment Instructions. The Home DGS is reasonably expected to have access to such information.
  - As such, the Home DGS could either make available this data to the Host DGS, or in fact to calculate the amounts the Host is required to top up and provide the end result of these calculations in the form of a Payment Instruction File.
  - It is entirely up to the Home and Host to agree this.
2 Scenarios

The following five scenarios have been identified that would need to be fulfilled by the payment solution.

These documented scenarios are based very loosely on the UML use case standard for the purposes of illustrating process.

2.1 Payment Instructions from Home to Host

- There will be (conceptually) no limitation to the number or frequency of payment instruction files that could be sent from Home to Host.
- Each payment file will form an instruction to the Host to try and process until the achievement of a number of end states.
- Each record in the file will result in one payment transaction.
- There will be no updates to a payment instruction file—if more payments are needed this should be a new file.
• If a payment instruction should be stopped then this should trigger a Payment Cancellation; see 0 2.4 Payment Cancellation Instruction from Home to Host

• It is the responsibility of the Home DGS to ensure the accuracy of the file, any liability due to errors in the payment instruction should be borne by the Home DGS.

• The Host DGS will be free to select the Payment Method, and will notify the Home DGS of its choice; see 0.

• The Home DGS will choose the Payout Currency taking into consideration the limitations of the Host DGS capability and constraints of its selected Payment Method.

• The current working assumption is that the Home DGS will select only one currency, and it will either be the Home currency or Host currency. This has no bearing on this specification, however is included for a full context.

• The Payment Rejects file is in the form of a Payment Status Report file; see 0.

2.1.1 Payment Instructions File Format

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ref</th>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Format</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-P01</td>
<td>Payment Instruction Unique Identifier</td>
<td>A unique reference number for the payment instruction record; this will support easier coordination between Home and Host DGS when processing the Payment file.</td>
<td>1-150</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-P02</td>
<td>SCV ID</td>
<td>A unique reference number for the customer record.</td>
<td>1-150</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-P03</td>
<td>Full Name</td>
<td>Name of customer which the payment is due to. This could be an Individual or a Legal Entity, but must only contain one Individual or Legal Entity.</td>
<td>2-250</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-P04</td>
<td>Forename</td>
<td>Forename of Individual, or blank if Legal Entity.</td>
<td>0-100</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-P05</td>
<td>Surname</td>
<td>Surname of Individual or name of Legal Entity.</td>
<td>0-150</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-P06</td>
<td>National ID</td>
<td>Host Country National identification number for the customer.</td>
<td>0-250</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-P07</td>
<td>Date of Birth</td>
<td>The date of birth for the customer, or blank if Legal Entity</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>3.4 Date Format, see 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-P08</td>
<td>Language Preference</td>
<td>The preferred language with which the customer would want all communications.</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>3.6 ISO Codes Format, see 0</td>
</tr>
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</table>

Contact

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Ref</th>
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<th>Description</th>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Format</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-C01</td>
<td>Full Address</td>
<td>Fully constructed address in a format that would be fit for purpose for mailing. Field deprecated in release 0.3.0</td>
<td>1-2000</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-C02</td>
<td>Address Line 1</td>
<td>First line of address (e.g. Number, Building Name, Street Name)</td>
<td>1-200</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-C03</td>
<td>Address Line 2</td>
<td>Second line of address</td>
<td>0-200</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-C10</td>
<td>Address Line 3</td>
<td>Third line of address</td>
<td>0-200</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-C04</td>
<td>Postcode</td>
<td>Postcode or zipcode</td>
<td>1-30</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-C05</td>
<td>City</td>
<td>City</td>
<td>1-250</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-C06</td>
<td>Province / State</td>
<td>Province, state or region</td>
<td>0-100</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-C07</td>
<td>Country</td>
<td>Country for the address in 2 character country code</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>3.6 ISO Codes Format, see 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ref</td>
<td>Field</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Length</td>
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<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>--------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-C08</td>
<td>BIC</td>
<td>Business Identifier Codes, which is the unique code to identify financial and non-financial institutions. This should contain the customer’s bank BIC to which payment should be made</td>
<td>0-11</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>3.6 ISO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-C09</td>
<td>IBAN</td>
<td>International Bank Account Number, which is the internationally agreed system of identifying bank accounts. This should contain the customer’s account IBAN to which payment should be made</td>
<td>0-34</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>3.6 ISO</td>
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### Misc

<table>
<thead>
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<td>0-4000</td>
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<tr>
<td>PIFF-M04</td>
<td>MISC04</td>
<td>Miscellaneous text column added for future proofing</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
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<td>Miscellaneous text column added for future proofing</td>
<td>0-4000</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-M07</td>
<td>MISC07</td>
<td>Miscellaneous text column added for future proofing</td>
<td>0-4000</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-M08</td>
<td>MISC08</td>
<td>Miscellaneous text column added for future proofing</td>
<td>0-4000</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-M09</td>
<td>MISC09</td>
<td>Miscellaneous text column added for future proofing</td>
<td>0-4000</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-M10</td>
<td>MISC10</td>
<td>Miscellaneous text column added for future proofing</td>
<td>0-4000</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Amount

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ref</th>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Format</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-A01</td>
<td>Payment Instruction Amount</td>
<td>Amount that should be paid.</td>
<td>1-19</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>3.3 Financial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIFF-A02</td>
<td>Payment Instruction Currency</td>
<td>Currency of the Payment Instruction Amount in 3 character currency code</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>3.6 ISO</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- It is recognized that in most cases the file format may need to be transformed to be consistent with internal Host data interfaces; the Host will be responsible for managing this transformation and ensuring that transformations have been conducted appropriately with minimal loss of data such as to ensure the integrity of the original payment instruction from the Home.
- Where the file format is incompatible with Host internal systems e.g. PIFF-P01 Payment Instruction Unique Identifier is longer than currently supported, the Host DGS is responsible for mapping those values to compatible internal values such. However, the Home provided values should be persisted and used for end-to-end reconciliation.
- Where a field is indicated as mandatory or the record has fulfilled the conditional mandatory requirements, but the Home or Host does not have the necessary data to populate it, a full stop character “.” (ASCII 46) should be used to populate that field.
- The mandatory or conditional mandatory conditions need to be read together with the information contained in the Payment Method Matrix in Appendix 1, which lists any additional data requirements a Host might need in order to carry out the Article 14 Payout Operation.
2.1.1.1 PIFF-P01 Payment Instruction Unique Identifier

- The unique ID for the payment should be unique across all Payment Instruction Files for a specific default, with no duplicates.
- It should be used in the Payment Status Reports (see 0) and Payment Cancellation Instructions (see 0) where a status update or Payment Cancellation Instruction relates to it.
- This unique ID will be generated by the Home DGS and persisted throughout the four use cases for the purposes of end to end reconciliation.
- Home can reuse the same ID for another default. It is also possible that two different Home DGSs can use the same ID. It is the responsibility of the Host to ensure that their systems can support such a scenario.

2.1.1.2 PIFF-P02 SCV ID

- It is possible for there to be multiple records with the same SCV ID in a Payment Instruction File, as long as the SCV ID provides a consistent single customer view.
- It is possible for there to be records with the same SCV across different Payment Instruction file (e.g. subsequent top up payments) as long as the SCV ID provides a consistent single customer view.
- This SCV ID will be generated by the Home DGS and persisted throughout the four use cases for the purposes of end to end reconciliation.

2.1.1.3 PIFF-P03 Full Name

- It is possible for there to be commas in this field.
- For countries where Fore Name and Surname is required but only Full Name is provided, this would fail second tier validation and therefore be subject to remediation to be agreed between Home and Host. It is possible that the Fore Name and Surname can be parsed from the Full Name field.

2.1.1.4 PIFF-P05 Surname

- In the case of a Legal Entity, the legal entity name should be recorded in this field. The company’s representative or contact person should not be recorded in this field. The Host DGS will carry out its regular processes to pay a legal entity (e.g. contacting the Chamber of Commerce to identify the correct representative) in order to fulfil the payment if necessary.

2.1.1.5 PIFF-C01 Full Address

- This field has been removed from the specification as of release 0.3.0, and as such will no longer need to be present in any files.
- The reference has been retained for full traceability of changes.

2.1.1.6 Address Fields PIFF-C02 to PIFF-C07

- It is possible for there to be commas in the following fields:
  - PIFF-C02 Address Line 1
  - PIFF-C03 Address Line 2
• PIFF-C10 Address Line 3
• PIFF-C04 Postcode
• PIFF-C05 City
• PIFF-C06 Province / State

• In the case of a Legal Entity, the legal entity address should be recorded in these fields. The address for the company’s representative or contact person should not be recorded in these fields. The Host DGS will carry out its regular processes to pay a legal entity (e.g. contacting the Chamber of Commerce to identify the correct representative and their contact address) in order to fulfill the payment if necessary.
• The names of any representatives could be included in PIFF-C02 Address Line 1 for example, as a “care of” entry.

2.1.1.7 PIFF-C08 BIC and PIFF-C09 IBAN

• These fields are mandatory for Hosts where electronic payment is the only payment method available. Refer to the Payment Method Matrix in Appendix 1 for a full list of such Hosts.
• Where the Home has this data available in its SCV file, it must be provided to the Host.
• Where the Home does not have this data available in its SCV file, the Home can request that the Host collect this data on its behalf.
• It is anticipated that the Host will be in a better position to collect this data on behalf of the Home due to language constraints and the fact that Host will likely have a communications method readily available to it.
• Where the Host has collected this data, it is not required for the Host to provide this back to the Home for confirmation as there is no way for the Home to verify that this information is correct. The Host should do all in its power to ensure the accuracy of this data and the robustness of the data collection method, and proceed immediately to payout once this data has been collected.

2.1.1.8 PIFF-P06 Host Country National ID

• These fields are mandatory for certain Hosts in order to carry out a payout operation. Refer to the EFDI DGSD Art 14 Preferred Payout Mechanism and Minimum Data Requirements document for a full list of such Hosts.
• Where the Home has this data available in its SCV file, it must be provided to the Host.
• Where the Home does not have this data available in its SCV file, the Home can request that the Host collect this data on its behalf.

2.2 Rejection of a Payment Instruction from Host to Home

• There are a number of instances where a Host can reject one or more Payment Instructions and not continue processing it e.g. where the Host cannot legally fulfill the payment due to regulatory sanctions.
• This should be reported back to the Home in the form of a Payment Status Report with an appropriate rejection status code, see 0
2.3 Payment Status Reports from Host to Home

- Create and process payment status

- Host is responsible for providing the Home with a status for each Payment Instruction.
- Host should periodically provide Home with updates to the status.
- Statuses depend on lifecycle of the payment instruction, and will be dependent on the channel used. See 0 for a list of these status codes.
- Host should NOT attempt to re-process failed payments; this is a uni-directional exercise that ceases when a payment reaches one of three end states: Payment Complete, Payment Failed or Payment Cancelled.
- Where a payee contacts the Host to cancel a payment or request a re-issue, the Host is obliged to initiate a payment cancellation process with the end result of the payment ending in the Payment Cancelled state.
- All other statuses are “Work In Progress” statuses.
- Host will be responsible for transforming the payment status reports provided by the payment channels into the format prescribed in 0.
2.3.1 Payment Status Report Format

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ref</th>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Format</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Instruction</td>
<td>All fields in the Payment Instruction File Format to be replicated here for the purposes of detailed reconciliations, see 0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>PSRF-P01 Payment Made Amount</td>
<td>Amount that has been paid, rejected, cancelled, etc.</td>
<td>1-19 Y</td>
<td>3.3 Financial</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PSRF-P01 Payment Made Currency</td>
<td>Currency in which the payment was made in.</td>
<td>3 Y</td>
<td>3.6 ISO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
<td>PSRF-S01 Status Code</td>
<td>Status code for the payment record, see 0</td>
<td>4 Y</td>
<td>4 digit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PSRF-S02 Status Change Date</td>
<td>The date and time when the status changed</td>
<td>10-25 Y</td>
<td>3.5 Date</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PSRF-S03 Status Supporting Info</td>
<td>Any supplementary information that might be relevant to this status over and above the Status Code</td>
<td>0-4000 N</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PSRF-S04 Payment Method</td>
<td>The payment method used by Host to fulfill this payment</td>
<td>1-50 Y</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PSRF-S05 Payment Provider</td>
<td>The payment provider used by the Host to fulfill this payment</td>
<td>1-50 Y</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PSRF-S06 Payment Reference</td>
<td>Any payment reference provided by the Payment Provider, this could be a Cheque Number or even a SEPA payment reference</td>
<td>0-100 N</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.3.1.1 PIFF-C08 BIC

- Where the Host selects electronic payment as the method of payment, and the BIC is not provided by the Home, it is expected that the Host will contact the customer using the address details provided to obtain the BIC.
- Host then will report back to Home with the captured BIC in this field.

2.3.1.2 PIFF-C09 IBAN

- Where the Host selects electronic payment as the method of payment, and the IBAN is not provided by the Home, it is expected that the Host will contact the customer using the address details provided to obtain the IBAN.
- Host then will report back to Home with the captured IBAN in this field.

2.3.1.3 PSRF-S03 Status Supporting Info

- Occasionally a Host may need to provide some supplementary information in support of the payment status code. Refer to Section 0 2.3.2 Payment Status Codes for the situations when this applies.
2.3.1.4 **PSRF-S04 Payment Method**

- The Host provides the Home with details on what Payment Method was used to fulfill the payment.
- This Payment Method field has a restricted list of possible values, listed as follows:
  - Electronic
  - Cash
  - Cheque
  - Pre Paid Card
  - Payment Advice
- The Payment Method Matrix in Appendix 1 is the key document that provides the following information for each DGS:
  - The payment methods it has available
  - The mapping between that method to the payment status codes, refer to 0 2.3.2 Payment Status Codes
  - The order of preference with which it will use the payment methods
  - The minimum data requirements it would need to fulfill that payment method
  - The currencies supported by that payment method
- The Host will be free to select the Payment Method, and will notify the Home DGS of its choice.
- A single Payment Instruction File may be fulfilled by the Host through one or many Payment Methods.

2.3.1.5 **PSRF-S04 Payment Provider**

- The Host provides the Home with details on which Payment Provider was used to fulfill the Payment Method.
- The Payment Method Matrix in Appendix 1 shows the Payment Providers each Host has at its disposal.
- In particular, where Payment Method is Electronic, the name of the payment network should be given as the Payment Provider, e.g. SEPA, SWIFT, BACS, GiRO, etc.
2.3.2 Payment Status Codes

These are the payment status codes that will be included in the Payment Status Report PSRF-01 Status Code.

- **xx9x** signals an error or terminal non-completion of the payment transaction;
- **xx00** signals success i.e. the payment provider has reported that the payee has successfully collected the money;
- **xx00** and **xx9x** status codes are end states, all other status codes reflect payment instructions that are work in progress.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Payment Status</th>
<th>Status Code</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DGS Feedback</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment Instruction Accepted</td>
<td>0101</td>
<td>Set when Host DGS accepts and acknowledges the payment instruction for processing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment Cancellation Instruction Accepted</td>
<td>0201</td>
<td>Set when Host DGS accepts and acknowledges the payment cancellation instruction for processing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment Cancellation Instruction Rejected</td>
<td>0301</td>
<td>Set when Host DGS rejects the payment cancellation instruction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment Rejected – Sanctions</td>
<td>0091</td>
<td>Set when Host DGS rejects the payment record due to possible sanctions match</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment Rejected – Others</td>
<td>0092</td>
<td>Set when Host DGS rejects the payment record due to any other reason</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment Cleared</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>Set when the customer collects the money</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment Issued</td>
<td>1001</td>
<td>Set when the payment has been issued to the customer, but no confirmation of cleared funds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment Returned</td>
<td>1002</td>
<td>Set when the payment has been returned to the Host</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment Cancellation Failed</td>
<td>1009</td>
<td>Set when the Payment Provider failed to cancel a Payment Cancellation Request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment Failed or Expired</td>
<td>1093</td>
<td>Set when the Host or Payment Provider has not been able to make the payment, or the payment has expired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment Cancelled</td>
<td>1099</td>
<td>Set when a payment is successfully cancelled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PSRF-503 Status Supporting Info**
Sanctions list; date of sanctions file used; date sanctions screening was conducted; and the unique reference to the sanction record from the list.
2.3.3 Payment State Model

This state model defines the valid transitions between the payment statuses.
2.4 Payment Cancellation Instruction from Home to Host

- Create and process payment cancellation instructions

- This provides the Home DGS with the ability to halt a payment in process.
- The confirmation of successful or unsuccessful processing of the Payment Cancellation Instruction would be provided by the Host to the Home via the Payment Status Report, see 0.
- The exact procedure to raise this and the standards governing the Host DGS’ response should be agreed as part of the MoU.

2.4.1 Payment Cancellation Instruction File Format

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ref</th>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Mandatory</th>
<th>Format</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PCIFF-P01</td>
<td>Payment Instruction Unique Identifier</td>
<td>The unique reference to the payment instruction that should be cancelled.</td>
<td>1-150</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Extended alphanumeric</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See PCIFF-P01 Payment Instruction Unique Identifier
2.5 Acknowledgement of File

Whenever a file is transferred between Home and Host, it is recommended that the recipient should provide the sender an acknowledgement that the file has been received successfully.

This specification does not provide an exact method to be used for this (e.g. it could be via email), and leaves this to be agreed between the Home and Host.
3 General considerations for file specification

3.1 Technical File Format

All files described in Section 0 2 Scenarios must be provided in XML format.

The XML files should have a mandatory header, containing the following:

- Version of payment specification
- Home DGS (ISO 3166-1 alpha 2)
- Host DGS (ISO 3166-1 alpha 2)
- Home DGS’ unique reference for Bank (10 characters max)
- Count of payments
- Count of unique payment instruction unique identifiers, see PIFF-P01 Payment Instruction Unique Identifier
- File Generation Time, see 0 3.5 Date Time Format

For the Payment Instruction File and Payment Status Report (i.e. not applicable for Payment Cancellation Instruction), the following header entries must also exist:

- Count of unique PIFF-P02 SCV ID
- Sum of amount PIFF-A01 Payment Instruction Amount

The actual records should then be in the body of the file. Each record must contain all fields listed in the payment specification in Section 2; this will allow for easy conversion into a flat text file should this be required by any DGS’.

The Common XML Schema Definition (XSD) file has been included in the XML Pack for a full technical description of the file. Note that the version number has deliberately not been included in the XSD file name so as to minimize the amount of system re-configuration should the specification change in future. These XSD files support the validation of file formats described in 0 2 Scenarios; for a full description of the validation protocols, refer to 4 4 File Validation.

As XML is being used as the file transfer format, certain restrictions apply on characters. Refer to 0 3.2 Character Set and Encoding.
3.2 Character Set and Encoding

The file encoding is UTF-8 and character set is Unicode to accommodate national characters like €, £, ç, ü, ß, œ, å, ö (and several more). UTF-8 was selected as the encoding method of choice as it is consistent with European payment standards.

Please note that only a subset of the available characters is allowed in some fields, and the use of some character sets may not be permitted due to Host system or Host payment method limitations.

The Home should therefore be aware of these limitations; the reference document Payment Method Matrix in Appendix 1 lists these limitations.

The responsibility to transform the data to a format that is acceptable by the Host should be agreed bilaterally.

As the file format being transferred is XML, this specification has applied the following restrictions in all cases:

- < character is not allowed, to be replaced by Home with &lt
- & character is not allowed, to be replaced by Home with &amp
- > character is not allowed, to be replaced by Home with &gt
- ’ character is not allowed, to be replaced by Home with &apos
- “ character is not allowed, to be replaced by Home with &quot

3.3 Financial Number Format

All “financial” numbers must be expressed as decimal values with two decimals. The standard XML Schema Definition Numeric Data Type of xs:decimal must be adopted.

- Decimal point is full stop (”,“)
- No thousand delimiters are allowed
- Maximum length is 19 characters
- Upper limit of 9999999999999999.99 and lower limit of 0.00
- No spaces are allowed
- Leading plus and minus signs are not allowed
- No currency characters allowed
- Only characters 0 to 9 and full stop (.) are allowed

Please note that “Floating Point” or “Double” values are NOT allowed. They are a complete different breed of number formats intended for scientific purposes and generally not suitable for financial calculations.

Valid examples:

- 100000
- 99999.99
NOT allowed examples:

- 100,000,00 (no thousand delimiters are allowed, wrong decimal point)
- 100 000.00 (no thousand delimiter or spaces are allowed)
- 100,000.00 (no thousand delimiter allowed)
- 2.2250738585072009×10⁻³⁰⁸ (a double value)

3.4 Date Format

The standard XML Schema Definition Date Data Type of xs:date must be adopted; this is YYYY-MM-DD.

The use of time zones in the dates is not required, as this format only covers dates, not times.

Valid examples:

- 2014-05-25

3.5 Date Time Format

The standard XML Schema Definition DateTime Data Type of xs:dateTime must be adopted. This is YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss.

The use of time zones in the dates is not required; the time to be stamped is the local time of the party creating the file.

Valid examples:

- 2014-05-25T09:00:00

3.6 ISO Codes Format

- Currency codes are expressed in ISO 4217 in 3 characters.
- Country codes are expressed in ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 in 2 characters.
- Language codes are expressed in ISO 639-1 in 2 characters.
- BICs or Business Identification Codes are expressed in ISO 9362 in 8 or 11 characters.
- IBANs or International Bank Account Numbers are expressed in ISO 13616 up to 34 characters.
- All codes must be upper case with no leading or trailing spaces, except for language codes which must be lower case

Refer to [http://www.iso.org/iso/](http://www.iso.org/iso/) for details of the standards.
3.7 Extended Alphanumeric Characters

In the world of software engineering, the term “Alphanumeric Characters” is a very strict definition of characters A-Z, a-z, 0-9. The definition does NOT include spaces, punctuation, +/- etc, etc.

Therefore we introduce the term “Extended Alphanumeric”, which is a subset of the software engineering term “Printables”. This means most characters that can be visually printed, but excludes “control characters” and a number of characters used for graphics.

Note that the use of Unicode allows for a great number of characters to be supported and transferred. It is also recognized that there might be character restrictions on Host DGS or payment network systems. This is detailed in the Payment Method Matrix in Appendix 1 for each Host DGS’ payment method.

3.8 File Naming Convention

Files transferred between the Home DGS and Host DGS should capture a unique date, time, host country, home country and file type (payment instruction, payment status report, payment cancellation request) and a bank reference. The following three examples depict this:

- Payment_Instruction_<Home>_<Host>_<Bank>_YYYYMMDDhmm.xml
- Payment_Status_Report_<Home>_<Host>_<Bank>_YYYYMMDDhmm.xml
- Payment_Cancellation_Instruction_<Home>_<Host>_<Bank>_YYYYMMDDhmm.xml

YYYYMMDDhmm is the date and time the file was created.

<Home> and <Host> is the two character ISO3166 country code for the respective Member States, see 0.

The <Bank> is the Home DGS’ unique reference for Bank (10 characters max).

3.9 Encryption of files

All files transferred between the Home DGS and Host DGS should be PGP encrypted to ensure the integrity, confidentiality and completeness of the files being transferred.

The files will be encrypted using the receiver’s public key, and decrypted using the receiver’s private key; the public key information must be shared beforehand.

Use of certificates is encouraged but no specific recommendation made as yet regarding choice of certificates and issuing parties.
4 File Validation

This specification proposes a two tier file validation protocol.

4.1 First Tier Validation
The first tier of validation is implemented by the Common XML Schema Definition (XSD) as provided in 0 3.1 Technical File Format.

The primary purpose of this validation tier is to minimize any data integration errors by ensuring that the internal structure of all payment files and payment reports being exchanged between the Home and Host are consistent with the specifications of this document.

The secondary purpose of this validation tier is to ensure that the quality of data being transferred through the adoption of an enumerated set of ISO values. For example, it ensures that the currency codes being used are part of an acceptable set of values, i.e. EUR, GBP, etc.

This validation should be run by both the Home and Host thereby guaranteeing that the files being exchanged are of a common format. It is the responsibility of the Home and Host to ensure that the files they are creating are compliant and successfully pass the first tier validation.

The validations are as follows:

- Data or field length for all fields, see 0 2.1.1 Payment Instructions File Format and 0 2.3.1 Payment Status Report Format
- ISO code values, see 0 3.6 ISO Codes Format
- Data type, see 0 3.3 Financial Number Format, and 0 3.4 Date Format

4.2 Second Tier Validation
The second set of validation is not covered by this specification document.

The primary purpose of this validation tier is for a Host to ensure that the transferred file is fit for purpose and acceptable for its operations.

A file could potentially pass the First Tier Validation, however may not be fit for purpose for a Host payout for the following reasons:

- The file is not consistent with the terms of the bilateral agreement (e.g. the currency value is not as expected)
- The file contains characters that are not allowed or permitted by the Hosts’ payment providers (e.g. SEPA character restrictions), refer to the Payment Method Matrix in Appendix 1
- The file does not contain sufficient data to operate its payout method, refer to the Payment Method Matrix in Appendix 1
The Home and Host must agree on which party will be responsible for the resolution of any second tier validation exceptions.

It is the responsibility of the Host to communicate and share the extent of the scope of its second tier validation with its Home.
CHAPTER 5: EXCHANGE MECHANISM

Statement of Requirements

1 Glossary

See the glossary at the beginning of the Rulebook.

2 Background to DGSD and Article 14

Article 14 of the Deposit Guarantee Scheme Directive ("DGSD") requires that depositors at branches set up by credit institutions in another Member State shall be repaid by a DGS in the host Member State on behalf of the DGS in the home Member State. Therefore, if an EEA credit institution with branches in another member state were to fail, the host DGS would be required to administer payments to branch depositors on behalf of the home DGS.

The approach being taken forward (through the EFDI SCV Working Group) is for the host DGS to act purely as a pay box and for the home DGS to assume all liability for the data integrity. A standardised payout file has been developed by the group, which will be used to exchange the depositor information required to facilitate the payment of compensation. The proposal is that this file will contain the minimum amount of data required to enable the host DGS to make a payment through their preferred mechanism.

A secure solution for exchanging this depositor data needs to be put in place to enable the host DGS to make payments on behalf of the home DGS.

3 Background to Requirements

The EFDI SCV Working Group has met on several occasions to discuss the implementation of DGSD, and in particular Article 14: Co-operation with the Union. To enable DGSs to make payout on behalf of other member states, a common data exchange mechanism needs to be established so that payment information can be shared between home and host DGSs.

The high level requirement and focus of this document is the establishment of a secure cross-border file exchange mechanism between all involved DGSs and the ancillary services required in support of the process (collectively called the “Exchange Solution”).

The following sections outline the detailed functional and non-functional requirements of the Solution as well as other services required in its implementation and operation.

Requirements are stated in MoSCoW format and have reference numbers REQ-XX for ease of reference.
Supplementary information is also included for context, however those are not mandatory requirements.

4 Functional Requirements

At a high level, the Exchange Solution must allow users to carry out the following actions:

- Login to the Exchange Solution
- View a list of all files the user profile has access to
- Upload of files and the selection of a Destination DGS
- Download of files
- Deletion of files
- Accessing audit trail information
- Password changes

The requirements in the following sections describe these functions in more detail.

4.1 Exchange of files

REQ-1 The Exchange Solution must enable a Source DGS to send one or more files to one or more Destination DGSs.

REQ-2 The Exchange Solution must allow a Source DGS to specify which Destination DGS to send a file to.

REQ-3 An uploaded file must only have one Source DGS and one Destination DGS. A single file must not be accessible by more than one Destination DGS.

REQ-4 The Exchange Solution must allow a DGS access to only those files where it has been specified as a Destination DGS or where it is the Source DGS.

The positive confirmation from users are required to cater for instances where a download has been interrupted, or the downloaded file is corrupted.

REQ-5 The Exchange Solution must not allow files to be edited.

REQ-6 The Exchange Solution should allow a user to have 5 simultaneous downloads or uploads.

It is unlikely that a DGS will need to exchange files with all other DGSs at any one time.

4.2 File types

REQ-7 The Exchange Solution must enable the transfer of the following file types:
- CSV and XML files that contain payment instructions, rejection of payment instructions, payment status reports and payment cancellation instructions.
- Scanned documentation (PDFs, Word documents)

**REQ-8** The Exchange Solution should be flexible enough to accommodate the transfer of any other file type.

The Exchange Solution must have restrictions on the size of each individual file, each file to have a maximum file size of 2GB, subject to capacity restrictions as dictated in Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable. Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable. File size restriction of 2GB is to facilitate easy download or upload of files and also backwards compatibility to FAT16 environments. Whilst text-based payment instruction files are typically quite small, the large file limit is to provide for a future situation where larger database files can be transferred.

### 4.3 Cross border

**REQ-9** The Exchange Solution must enable the exchange of files between the respective DGSs.

**REQ-10** The Exchange Solution access permissions (addition or removal of Member States and DGSs) must be configurable.

### 4.4 File transfer frequency

**REQ-11** The Exchange Solution must not have a system limit to the number of files transferred or accessed aside from the inherent bandwidth and storage capacity limitations.

It is anticipated that any Home DGS / Host DGS arrangements will be subject to a maximum lifespan of 6 months. The anticipated usage of the Exchange Solution is low / infrequent. This is subject to agreement between Home DGS and Host DGS.

### 4.5 Users and Permissions

**REQ-12** All respective DGSs must have access to the Exchange Solution; however the permission attached to the access would vary on a number of factors as set out below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System Administrator</th>
<th>User acting as Source DGS</th>
<th>User acting as Destination DGS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Login to system</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>View a list of uploaded files</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>-----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upload a file</td>
<td>No*</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Download an uploaded file</td>
<td>No*</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delete an uploaded file</td>
<td>No*</td>
<td>Yes – only where the file has not been downloaded by Destination DGS; a download is not in progress; and was previously uploaded by the Source DGS (refer REQ-4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access audit trail information</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes – only related to this DGS’ activities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Password changes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Note that System Administrators would occasionally have super user or root access to the system; this is required as standard for systems support. However, if for example the Exchange Solution involves a front end, it should not extend the functionality marked with * to the System Administrator when he / she is logged in.

REQ-13 The Exchange Solution must provide all DGSs with one or more DGS user accounts to a limit of 5 per DGS.

REQ-14 The creation of new users will be through an IT Support request to the system administrator.

REQ-15 The Exchange Solution must have the capability to have one or more system administrators ("System Admin") with the ability to create and maintain Source DGS and Destination DGS users.

REQ-16 A DGS User won’t have permission to create and maintain System Administrator accounts.

REQ-17 All DGS Users must only be related to one DGS.

REQ-18 The Exchange Solution must allow deletion by the system, subject to the rules indicated in Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable.. Therefore, an uploaded file will have one of two end states:

- Deleted by a Source DGS User
• Deleted by the Exchange Solution when the file being older than a system-configured setting of 30 days after upload.

4.6 Audit Trail

REQ-19 The Exchange Solution must maintain a non-editable log of all transactions that have occurred. This must include the following:

• Successful logins (user name, IP address, date and time)
• Failed logins (user name, IP address, date and time)
• File uploads (user name, date and time upload complete, file name, destination, file size)
• File downloads (user name, date and time download complete, file name)
• File deletions (date and time deleted, file name)

REQ-20 The Exchange Solution must provide a DGS user the capability to view a sub population of the log file. The only transactions a DGS must have a view of are the file uploads, downloads and deletions that are related to the files it has uploaded or downloaded, and the login history of its users.

REQ-21 The Exchange Solution must allow a DGS user to download the audit log data pertaining to all the interactions listed in REQ-20 that are related to his or her DGS. This will include but not be limited to:

• Successful and failed logins for all of the DGS’ users (active or inactive)
• File uploads, downloads and deletions activity carried out by the DGS’ users
• For each file the DGS has uploaded, the file download activity around that file carried out by the Destination DGS’ users;

REQ-22 The Exchange Solution must retain audit log data pertaining to a DGS for as long as required by the DGS. Any archival or permanent removal of audit log data must be raised and managed through an IT incident and managed as a system support activity.
5. Non-Functional Requirements

5.1 Security

REQ-23  The Exchange Solution must enable the secure exchange of files.

REQ-24  The configuration, implementation and maintenance of the Exchange Solution could be consistent with the security standards set out in ISO/IEC 27001:2013. Note that certification in ISO/IEC 27001:2013 is not a mandatory requirement.

REQ-25  The Exchange Solution must secure the data whilst it is being transmitted consistent with industry standards.

REQ-26  The Exchange Solution must meet industry standard user authentication and administration practices.

REQ-27  The Exchange Solution won’t encrypt the data at rest; it will be the responsibility of the Source DGS to encrypt any files prior to transmission.

REQ-28  The Exchange Solution must use encryption methods that are consistent with the standards defined in ISO/IEC 18033 Information technology – Security techniques – Encryption algorithms.

REQ-29  Passwords must be changed every 3 months and digital certificates (if used) annually, and in all cases to be consistent or more restrictive that the password and access policies of all DGSs.

REQ-30  The Exchange Solution must be able to support and provide evidence of compliance against the security requirements.

5.2 Performance

REQ-31  The Exchange Solution should achieve a UI response time of under 5 seconds for all the following activities:

- Login to the Exchange Solution
- Commence upload of files *
  - Selection of a Destination DGS for a file upload
- Commence download of files *
- Deletion of files
- Accessing audit trail information
- Password changes
* Note that the response time stated does not include the upload or download time required for a file which is in any case subject to bandwidth limitations on both the server and client side.

5.3 Scalability

REQ-32 The Exchange Solution should have scalable processing, storage and bandwidth capacity if required; this will be managed as part of the standard change management process.

There are currently no anticipated processing, storage and bandwidth scalability requirements over the next 5 years.

5.4 Availability

REQ-34 The frequency of use of the Exchange Solution and elongated payment time frames do not warrant a high availability requirement. The minimum that the system should be available for is to set up a connection on demand within 2 hours, and with a low level of availability (90%).

REQ-35 The IT Support capability must be available during standard working hours 5 days a week and, where reasonable, outside standard working hours eg in the event of a payout.

5.5 Reliability

There are no system or infrastructure reliability requirements over and beyond what is required to support the Availability requirements.

5.6 Usability

REQ-36 All users must be able to complete the following activities on the Exchange Solution with minimal training.

- Login to the Exchange Solution
- Upload of files and the selection of a Destination DGS
- Download of files
- Deletion of files
• Accessing audit trail information

• Password changes

5.7 Global/Multi-Language Support

REQ-37 The default language of the system and any supporting services must be English at a minimum.

REQ-38 The Exchange Solution could provide support for other languages.

5.8 Compatibility

REQ-39 The Exchange Solution must be compatible and accessible by all involved DGSs.

REQ-40 At a minimum, the Exchange Solution must be compatible with the following software, depending on the ultimate platform of the Exchange Solution:

• MS Internet Explorer 9.0

5.9 Data Back Up and Recovery Requirements

REQ-41 The Exchange Solution won’t provide any data backup capabilities to reduce the storage footprint of files.

The nature of the Exchange Solution is transitional in nature. It is the expectation that Home DGS will backup and maintain any files that they own within their internal IT estates. Host DGS will comply with home DGS instructions on how to handle all files related to the Home DGS. It is beyond the remit of this paper to specify this.

5.10 Archive and Retention

REQ-42 The Exchange Solution won’t have any archival capability beyond the functionality already described in the other sections of this document.

REQ-43 Whilst the Exchange Solution won’t have any specific functionality to manage archival of audit logs, the archival of audit logs will be possible per Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable..

Users of the Exchange Solution are responsible for ensuring that the retention and archival of aged files are compliant with their own internal policies.
The expectation is that the functionality defined within this document will allow all users to operate the Exchange Solution consistently with internal policies.

### 5.11 Training Requirements

REQ-44 The Exchange Solution must provide all DGS’ with an instruction manual on the following use cases:
- Login to the Exchange Solution
- Upload of files and the selection of a Destination DGS
- Download of files
- Deletion of files
- Accessing audit trail information
- Password changes

REQ-45 The Exchange Solution or any possible suppliers of the service won’t provide any training for DGS staff on how to operate the exchange mechanism.

### 5.12 Incident Management

REQ-46 The Exchange Solution must include IT support capability to resolve IT issues and incidents within 1 one working day or otherwise agreed.

REQ-47 System Administrators must only be provided super user or heightened access for a time bound period to allow him or her to perform support activity. After completing support activity, he or she must log off in order to no longer have heightened access.

### 5.13 Configuration/Change Management

REQ-48 The Exchange Solution must include a configuration or change management capability.

REQ-49 All major changes must be approved, impact assessed by all configured DGSs, with fully documented requirements and functional and technical specifications and undergo system, integration, UAT and performance testing.
5.14 Decommissioning

REQ-50 If required the decommissioning of the entire Exchange Solution must be carried out within the space of 6 months on receipt of unanimous agreement amongst all configured users.

REQ-51 All audit trail data that a DGS has access to up to date of decommissioning must be extracted and provided to the DGS in a flat file.

REQ-52 All remaining files on the Exchange Solution must be permanently deleted as part of the decommissioning.

5.15 Testing Requirements

REQ-53 The Exchange Solution must support at a minimum annual testing of all connections (access, upload and download) between all DGS’.

REQ-54 All major configuration changes and change requests must undergo system, integration, UAT and performance testing.

REQ-55 If required the Exchange Solution must be available for connectivity testing within 24 hours.

It is expected that as part of the initiation of a Home / Host DGS payout arrangement, a connectivity test would be conducted between the Home DGS and all the Host DGS’ to ensure that files can be successfully transferred.

5.16 Monitoring & Alerting Requirements

REQ-56 The Exchange Solution must monitor system performance and capacity and alert IT Support when the system is reaching its limits, or a system failure has occurred.

5.17 System Management Requirements

REQ-57 All system management must be handled by IT Support.

5.18 Volume and Storage Capacity and Capacity Management

REQ-58 The Exchange Solution must provide each Source DGS a minimum of 5GB storage capacity for files to be transferred.
REQ-59  The Exchange Solution must provide each Source and Destination DGS a minimum of 1GB storage capacity for audit trails.

REQ-60  The Exchange Solution should have scalable storage capacity should the storage limitations be reached.

5.19 Connectivity

REQ-61  The Exchange Solution must support a minimum bandwidth of 10 Megabits per second (Mbps) for both file uploads and downloads.

REQ-62  All connections between Exchange Solution must be tested least annually to ensure usability.

REQ-63  The Exchange Solution must be available for connectivity testing within 24 hours.

5.20 Accreditations

If the Exchange Solution is not ISO 27001:2013 accredited, then the following shall be applicable:

REQ-64  If the Exchange Solution is to be delivered by a central supplier, the Supplier should be ISO9000 accredited or have an equivalent quality assurance approach for the full scope of the services.

REQ-65  If the Exchange Solution is to be delivered by a central supplier, the Supplier should comply with the ISO22301 industry standard for Disaster Recovery / Business Continuity or have an equivalent quality assurance approach for the full scope of the services.

5.21 Implementation Schedule

REQ-66  The Exchange Solution should be fully stood up and functionally tested, by 8 December 2016 as far as possible and in any case in the shortest possible delay after the adherence to the Cooperation Agreement.

REQ-67  Connections between all Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable via the Exchange Solution (both upload and download) should be fully tested, by 31 December 2016 as far as possible and in any case in the shortest possible delay after the adherence to the Cooperation Agreement; however, the exact scope of the testing will be confirmed at a later date.
6. Payment Solution Use Cases

Four use cases have been identified and documented covering how the Exchange Solution will be used.

The four use cases cover the transferring of files related to:

- Payment Instructions from Home to Host;
- Rejection of a Payment Instruction from Host to Home;
- Payment Status Reports from Host to Home; and
- Payment Cancellation Instruction from Home to Host.

A Home DGS and Host DGS can both play the role of Source and Destination. The following is an illustration of a typical lifecycle of an Article 14 payout operation. This assumes a default has occurred at the Home DGS, and there is only one Host DGS.

There could also be instances where there are multiple Host DGS for the same default. The following is an illustration of a default happening in Country A which has branches in Country B and Country C.
There could also be instances where a country can be both a Home DGS and a Host DGS i.e. it is managing a defaulting deposit taker within its scheme, and also supporting another country in making compensation for branches within its borders.
CHAPTER 6: DEPOSITORS & MEDIA COMMUNICATION TOOLS AND INSTRUCTIONS

This Chapter sets detailed prescriptions for the Communication Tools used by the Parties along the Payout Process.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Communication Tools</th>
<th>Template</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1/De minimis set of tools:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 A/ Payout announcement document</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 B/ Press release document</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 C/ Q&amp;A document</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 D/ Queries and Claim form</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 E/ Web page</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 F/ Phone Service</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2/ Other communication tools: Optionally and bilaterally triggered</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 A/ External Call Center Phone Service</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 B/ Letter with general content</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 C/ Letter with SCV/personalized content</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 D/ Printed documents, posters</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 E/ Media Buying</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 F/ Social media platforms contents</td>
<td>N</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 G/ Communication Reporting sheet</td>
<td>Y</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**1 De minimis set of tools**

Each prescription is defined with:
- Function: description of the tool and its main communication objectives
- Instructions: main steps of procedure between Home and Host DGSs
- Contents: description of the information contained
- Template: a guidance on how to design it as a result

**1 A/ Payout Announcement document**

*Function:*
The Payout Annoucement is the document which officially describes the Payout Event, in terms that are legally aproved. It informs on the main facts of the failure, compensation procedure and timing. This document is updated at the main stages of the Payout Process:
- start of the Payout Event;
- start of the Payment Process;
- intermediary steps (in option)
**Instructions:**
1. Written in cooperation language by the Home
2. Sent with no delay to the Host
3. Translated by the Host in depositors language
4. Published on the Host DGS website
5. Sent to the Host media and press contacts by the Host DGS as attachment of the Press Release document (1B)
6. Distributed internally to inform employees, and distributed to phone/call center operators in charge of receiving and answering incoming calls
7. Distributed to any other operators in charge of other communication tools agreed (i.e. social media community managers, or customer services at agent banks for instance) by agreed principles.
8. *(optionally)* Displayed on the windows of branches of the failed bank as well as on website/social media platforms of the failed bank,
9. Displayed at the Agent Bank public spaces if any.
10. Used as the Reference Document for any other communication tools and messages that would be developed all along the Payout Process

**Contents:**
1. Time/day of the bank closing
2. Time/day of starting the payout
3. Legal references, the closing decision of the competent authority and further reasoning of the decision if needed
4. Role of Home DGS and role of Host DGS, legal references and modalities of the cooperation between DGSs
5. Covered products
6. Amount covered and compensation limit
7. Payment timeframe, tools and processes
8. What the depositors need to do (if required: what is expected from him to be compensated (opening a new bank account, THB...))
9. Other documentation at disposal to depositor and media for further information
10. Host DGS Contact for further enquiry: web site, phone, address,... with opening hours and days.

+ Optionally:
1. Resource of the money
2. Financial condition of the DGS (e.g. issued bond, extraordinary premium etc.)
3. List of other branches of the failed bank
4. Country statistics on the bank and its depositors
5. Numbers on the reimbursement (number of depositors, amount of payable, average deposit size etc.)
6. Link to the liquidator

**Template:**
See below.
Template: Announcement

(Host DGS logo)
(Date of announcement)

ANNOUNCEMENT

about the indemnification of the depositors of (Credit Institution)

Cause:

On (Date) in its resolution (No.), the (Competent Authority) revoked the operating licence of (Credit Institution).
or
On (Date), the Court made a bank insolvency order against (Credit Institution) with the result that it is in default.

Trigger and legal reference:

According to (Relevant Act), (Host country) depositors of the (Credit Institution) will be compensated by the (Host DGS) on behalf of the (Home DGS).

Time of starting the payout:

From (Date) (Host DGS) will start the indemnification of depositors of the (Credit Institution).

On behalf of the (Home DGS), (Host DGS) starts the indemnification of the depositors of the (Credit Institution), and will complete the process within (Number) working days. The depositors of (Credit Institution) can receive a maximum compensation of (Number in EUR or local currency) independent of whether they are individual or corporate customers.

Amount of indemnification:

The maximum compensation amount payable to a depositor on insured deposits and interest is 100,000 EUR.
or
Pursuant to the (Relavant Act), (Host DGS) will make personalised payments on deposit and interest claims calculated up to (Date of Closing) in the amount of (Host Currency), equivalent of maximum EUR 100,000 per person.

Covered products:

(Host DGS) on behalf of the (Home DGS) will compensate owners of the protected savings products (list to be completed) of the (Credit Institution).

Method of payment:

(Host DGS) on behalf of the (Home DGS) will compensate depositors of (Credit Institution) via (method of payment description)...

(Host DGS) will use the following payment channels to complete the indemnification of depositors...

What depositors need to do:

Depositors of (Credit Institution) do not need to submit a claim for indemnification. Payments will be automatic and based on the personal details (names, addresses,....) and corporate details kept in the database of (Credit institution).

THB owners:

Depositors with THB need to (process for THB claim) in order to have their compensation.

Contact:

For further information please visit (Host DGS website adress), call the customer service telephone line (Number of Host DGS), or visit the branches of (Credit Institution).
### 1 B / Press release document

**Function of the document:**
This document exposes the Payout Announcement for media purposes considering that the Host DGS shall inform and may comment to the media in the Host Country:

1. Explain in general terms the respective roles of the Host DGS and Home DGS under the Agreement and Art. 14 of DGSD2;
2. Announce the Payout Event;
3. Describe the Payout Process, i.e. the timeframe of depositors compensation process;
4. Comment on the receipt and processing of payment instructions from the Home DGS, including their timing;
5. Refer to facts regarding the Payout Event that are already publically available; and
6. Explain basic instructions for depositors to present a Payout Claim to the Home DGS (including in relation to Temporary High Balances, where relevant).

**Instructions:**
1. The Press Release is written by the Home DGS in the cooperation language and sent with no delay to the Host DGS.
2. The Host DGS translates it in the Host language.
3. Then, the Host DGS publishes it on its own media (i.e. web site at included in the minimum tools kit) and distributes it to the media and/or press agencies at the date predefined by the Home DGS for respecting a consistency of information through all jurisdictions implied.
4. The Host DGS answers any enquiries and questions coming from external publics (depositors and media) after the publication of the Press Release.

**Contents:**
1. The Payout Announcement, see A/ Payout Announcement document above
2. + the appointed Press contacts (name, mobile phone, email) who is authorized

**Optionally covered topics:**
1. Source of the money
2. Financial condition of the DGS (e.g. issued bond, extraordinary premium etc.)
3. List of other branches of the failed bank
4. Country statistics on the bank and its depositors
5. Numbers on the reimbursement (number of depositors, amount of payable, average deposit size etc.)
6. Link to the liquidator

**Template:**
See below.
(Home and Host DGS logo)  
(Dateline)  
(“For Immediate Release”)  

Headline:  
(DGS) to start the indemnification of the depositors of the (Credit Institution)  

Lead:  
On behalf of the (Home DGS), (Host DGS) starts the indemnification of the depositors of the (Credit Institution), and will complete the process within (Number) working days. The depositors of (Credit Institution) can receive a maximum compensation of (Number in EUR or local currency) independent of whether they are individual or corporate customers.  

Body:  
Depositors of (Credit Institution) do not need to submit a claim for indemnification. Payments will be automatic and based on the personal details (names, addresses, etc.) and corporate details kept in the database of (Credit institution).  

(Host DGS) will use the following payment channels to complete the indemnification of depositors...  

Contact Information:  
For further information:  
(Spokesperson or media contact name)  
(Mobile)  
(Email)
## 1 C/ Question & Answers document

### Function:
This document is to summarize the predicted and most frequently asked questions and tells the right formulation of answers as messages to be communicated. This document is produced for mainly internal purposes, designed to be used by the Host DGS people in charge of press/media contact, official speakers, and call center teams for answering consistently all incoming questions.
Each question has a response written in „simple language” that is the exact wording to be used by operators in charge of relation with external publics.

### Instructions:
- The Home DGS writes the Q&A template in English
- The Host DGS translates it, add any specific Q&A if relevant
- The Host distributes it and trains the operators it has dedicated to be in contact with external publics, media and depositors.

All answers have to be written carefully to deliver the right message and to be adjusted at the specificities of the Case: clear and comprehensive, real information, facts, figures, legal foundations and procedures.

Answers may depend on the nature of the cross border payout case thus the answer needs to be defined in the notice period, e.g.:
1. What do I have to do to claim the compensation?
2. What happens if I am not happy with the amount the [DGS] pays me?
3. I have lost access to my main bank account so I do not have any money. Can I get a priority payment?
4. Topic of set off
5. Any other the Parties agree on.

### Contents:
The Q&A document lists the main frequently asked questions and their answers that Depositors and Media can ask all along the Payout.
1. General questions on the DGSs
2. Resources of the DGS
3. the Case and its set off
4. Limit/Amount of compensation
5. Depositors-related questions
6. Deposit types
7. Process of Payout
8. Over the limit
9. Others
Template:

This Q&A template lists the main recurring questions that might occur during a case.

Host DGS: ............
Date: ............
Credit Institution: ............

Generalities on DGSS:
1. What is the purpose of a DGS?
2. What are the respective roles of the Host DGS and the Home DGS?

Resources of the DGS:
3. What is the DGS’s size?
4. Does the DGS have enough money?

Limit/amount:
5. How much compensation will I get?
6. What about any exchange rate?
7. Is interest on a deposit included in compensation?
8. What will be the currency of the compensation?
9. How much interest is paid on deposit insurance if the interests due under the deposit contract have not been credited yet? Is anything deducted from the interest (interest tax)?

Depositors-related:
10. Who are the eligible clients?
11. What shall I (as Depositor) do?
12. What do I have to do to claim the compensation?
13. What happens if I am not happy with the amount the [DGS] pays me?
14. I have lost access to my main bank account so I do not have any money. Can I get a priority payment?
15. What is the coverage limit for depositors?
16. What about a joint account holder who is underage?
17. What about if the deposit owner is deceased?
18. What about underage depositors?
19. What about legal entities?
20. What about foundations?
21. What about local municipalities?
22. What about school cooperatives?
23. My name has recently changed (divorce, marriage), what do I need to do?
24. My address has recently changed (divorce, marriage), what do I need to do?
25. I live abroad, what do I need to do?
26. Are proxy holders entitled to compensation?

Deposit types:
27. What about Temporary High Balances (THB)?
28. What are the covered and non-covered products?
29. What about a joint account?
30. What about other specific accounts, such as long-term investment account, life insurance accounts, securities etc.
31. What about guardianship deposits?
32. Are bonds and certificates of deposits covered by the DGS?
33. Does the DGS cover bonds, repos and other investment types?
34. What about collective deposits?

Process of Payout:
35. What are the Method(s) of payout?
36. Role of agent bank if any?
37. What to do for claiming?
38. When will the compensation start?
39. What is the order of payout (will you pay depositors in alphabetical order)?
40. What to do with the pre-paid card the DGS has sent to me?

Over the limit:
41. What will happen with money in a deposit beyond the guaranteed limit (100,000 EUR)?

Other questions:
42. Any fees or taxation?
43. How long can the money stay unclaimed?
44. If I keep my money in a safe-deposit box in a bank, is it guaranteed by the DGS?
45. Which other banks participate in the DGS?
46. How soon and from which institution will I receive my compensation in the event of deposits in a credit institution being unavailable?
47. How does the coverage limit of 100,000 euro per depositor per bank apply after a merger between two banks?
48. Does co-insurance apply to deposit insurance?
49. Do deposit insurance claims have a limitation period?
50. Where are the branches of the paying agent bank?
### 1 D/ Queries and Claims form for Depositors correspondence

**Function:**
The Home DGS provides a form for specific correspondence or presentation material for queries and claims addressed to the Home DGS through the Host DGS. The Home DGS requests the Host DGS to distribute this document to Host Depositors or to the public in the Host DGS Country.

**Instructions:**
1. The Home DGS provides its template to the Host DGS in the cooperation language.
2. The Host DGS translates it in the Host language.
3. The Host posts it on its Web site at the dedicated page on the Payout Event.
4. It transmits it to its operators in relation with external publics to comment it if any enquiries about the claim document and procedure.
5. The Host receives the claims, translates them in the Cooperation language before transmitting them to the Home DGS.
6. The Host translates the answer of the Home in the depositor language, then transmits the response to the depositor.

**Contents:**
This form is a simplified one-page document:
1. with headings to be filled in by the depositor: identity, name, address, telephone, postal code, personal code...
2. A text area to be filled in for explanation of the claim, reduced at a minimum with boxes to be ticked.
3. The list of required supporting documents required for analysis.

**Template:**
See below.
This template can be adjusted for any bilateral/multilateral specificity.
## Template for Claim Form

### Host DGS Name/Logo

### CLAIM FORM

#### Name of the Credit Institution

### DEPOSITOR INFORMATION (PRIVATE INDIVIDUAL):

| Bank for which this claim is submitted: | ………………………………………………………… |
| Deposit Identification number: | [ID number, Tax Identification number, ...] |
| SCV number: | ….. |
| Mr ☐ Ms ☐ Surname: ……………………………… Middle name: …………… First name: …………… |
| Permanent or Current? Address: | ………………………………………………………………………………….. |
| Postal Code: | …………… City: …………… Country: …………… |
| Telephone: | …………… |
| E-mail address: | ……………………………………………………………..@…………………….. |

### DEPOSITOR INFORMATION (LEGAL ENTITY):

| Company name: | ………………………………………………………………………………….. |
| Trade Register No.: | ………………………………………………………………………………….. |
| Bank Account Identification: | ………………………………………………………………………………….. |

### PROXY HOLDERS / REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITOR:

| Mr ☐ Ms ☐ Surname: …………………………… Middle name: …………… First name: …………… |
| Relationship (parent, child, legal guardian) or role for the claimant (legal representative, etc.) | …………… |
| Permanent or Current? Address: | ………………………………………………………………………………….. |
| Postal Code: | …………… City: …………… Country: …………… |
| Fixed-line telephone: | ………………………………………………………………………………….. Mobile telephone: |
| E-mail address: | ………………………………………………………………………………….. |

### REASON FOR CLAIMING:

#### 1. Accounts:

1.1 I disagree with my account/s balance/s ☐

Additional data: (e.g. account number, source of error...): …………………………………………………………………… …………………………………………………………

1.2 All my deposits accounts are not included in the compensation ☐

Additional data: (e.g. number of the missing account,): …………………………………………………………………… …………………………………………………………

1.3 I have Temporary High Deposits (THB), not compensated yet ☐

Additional data: (e.g. proof of bank transactions, proof of THB): …………………………………………………………………… …………………………………………………………

#### 2. Eligibility:

2.1 I should be entitled to compensation ☐

Additional data: (e.g. proof of identity, proof of account/s) …………………………………………………………………… …………………………………………………………

#### 3. Overdue claims and other claim issues:

| (describe briefly and clearly) | ……………………………………………………………………………………………………….. |

Additional data: (e.g. any other appropriate document).

### Attachments:

Presentation of supporting documents is required: Proof of identity (identity card, passport) - Proof of address (rent receipt, property owner costs, EDF, GDF or telephone bill) - Last bank statement received from the failed bank - For legal entities, registration certificate - Proof of bank transactions in case of disagreement with the compensation amount...

### Date: ………/……1/20... | Declarer: ………………………………… 

(signature)
## 1 E/ Web page

**Function:**
The web page on the Host DGS official web site presents the key informations and contacts about the Payout Event. The website of Host DGS shall contain all information regarding the Payout Process in the aim of informing depositor and media and reassuring them considering the anxiety of the situation.

**Instructions:**
1. The Home sends to the Host the contents to be published in an adequate format (doc or rich text file format + images in jpeg format)
2. The Host translates in Host language.
3. The Host posts the information at the Day/Hour required by the Home (for cross-border consistency of information)
4. The Host is committed to publish it on its web site with a sufficient visibility and user-friendly access

**Contents (in web page and in downloadable format):**

This web Page shall provide at a minimum the following contents:
1. Payout Announcement
2. Press release
3. Contact, phone number and Postal adress of the Host DGS
4. Claim form downloadable in PDF

Additional comprehensive information:
5. Process and timeframe of compensation
6. THB procedure
7. Claims handling procedure
8. Process in specific cases (joint account in case of death of one beneficiary, ...)
9. Frequently asked questions/answers (extract)

*Email access for direct submission or questions (optional)*
*Home DGS contact (optional)*

**Template:**
*See below.*
Template: Host DGS web site Page dedicated to the Payout Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Header</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **[Announcement document]**  
**Title**  
**Full Content**  
Payout Announcement - downloadable document |
| **Contact:**  
*phone number of the Host DGS: 0 800 800 12 12*  
*Postal address: ...............*  
*Email access (in option)*  
*Home DGS web site: www.............. (in option)*  
**Other:**  
Claim Form - downloadable document |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Footer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Press Release - *downloadable document*: shall be integrated under the PRESS or MEDIA menu point of the Host DGS web site.
### 1 F/ Phone Service and servicing hours

**Function:**
The Telephone Service is a main point of touch for external publics that provides confidence and closeness. It is the only direct and human contact for answering to questions from Depositors, Media and any other audiences (clients of other banks, general public), reducing the anxiety of the situation and reassuring publics. First 48 hours are crucial.

**Instructions:**
1. The Home DGS provides to the Host the Q&A and any specific instructions for receiving and answering incoming calls.
2. The Host DGS provides a phone number accessible to any external public enquiries of Host depositors or media, available at opening hours. The number is posted on all documents of the communication set.
3. The Host publishes its Phone Number and the servicing hours on all documentation for external publics in a visible manner.
4. Operators are to be trained by the Host DGS for receiving and answering call.
5. (optionally) The phone number and/ or operators may be splitted into two specific lines, for media and depositors or any other relevant audiences.

**Contents to be provided to operators:**
1. Technical instructions to operators
2. Q&A document for receiving and answering calls in easy and short sentences, and real examples
3. Payment Announcement Document (for deeper background information)
2 Other communication tools

Those tools are optionally and bilaterally triggered, as well as further defined by the Parties. Only a description of function and instructions, if any, is provided for below.

2 A/ External Call Center Phone Service

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Function:</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>A complementary Call Center Service may be opened considering the number of incoming calls to be treated and resources available.</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Instructions:</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Practical considerations for setting up and managing call centers are:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Number:</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>□ one unique number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ or more</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Rate:</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>□ local rate (black)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ reduced rate (blue)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ total free rate (green)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Activation:</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>□ Ready to operate at the time of the announcement of the bank failure</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Servicing hours:</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>□ working hours / working days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ working hours / 7 days a week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ 24 hours / working days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ 24 hours / 7 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Estimated capacity requirements and other functional requirements:</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Number of clients:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Number of calls per day:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Average length of calls (min.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Estimated number of calls the first 24 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Estimated maximum daily peak (number of calls)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Target waiting time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Abandoned/missed calls (rate)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Assignment for incoming calls, out coming calls (call back process)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Reporting and daily statistic required</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Content of answers:</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>□ General answers to questions = i.e. no answer about accounts and amounts at the Host</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ SCV treatment to be processed from the Host back to the Home</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Other IT and legal specifications:
- recorded calls (for legal requirements/claims proofs) and IT requirements on how to record, store, handle and search recorded files

Disaster Recovery Site Process:
- Yes, Maximum reactivation time (hours)
- No

Maintenance:
- A dedicated team trained during peace time, ready to intervene
- No dedicated team in peace time

2 B/ Letter to Host Depositors with general content

*Function:*
When a one-to-one message is required by legislation or any national policy, or payment instructions about the payment method.

2 C/ Letter to Host Depositors with SCV or personalized content

*Function:*
When a one-to-one personalised message with SCV content is required by legislation or any national policy, or payment instructions about the payment method.

2 D/ Printed documents, posters

*Function:*
When a one-to-many message is required for reinforcing the delivery of detailed information for the
1. payment instructions about the payment method,
2. specific type of deposits,

*Instructions:*
1. Language requirements: local language with clear and comprehensive wording
2. Placing: easily visible places (e.g. window of the bank branches)
3. Size: for visibility reasons suggested to place at least in A3 format or bigger
4. Layout: in accordance with the DGS corporate identity handbook
Content: description of the process including contact information for more details and questions.
2 E/ Media Buying (press, radio, or other media)

*Function:*
In some jurisdictions it is legal obligation to buy media space in order to inform the public about the payout. e.g. in Hungary NDIF is obligated to place a ¼ size of advertisement in the two most circulated national dailies (ranked by the media auditor organization of the market). The content of the advertisement is the same as the Payout Announcement Document.

*Instructions:*
When buying media space/time the below information are important:
1. Targeted date of the appearance:
2. Name of the media:
3. Main messages of the paid media:
4. Content (in compliance with legal requirements if occur):
5. Circulation/broadcasting zone:
6. Language(s):
7. Costs:
8. Size/length of the paid space/time:

2 F/ Social media platforms contents (of the Host DGS, failed bank, Payment Agent Bank)

*Function:*
If there are social media platforms (e.g. Twitter, Facebook) used by the Host DGS, the failed bank, or the Paying Agent Bank, it is worth to tailor the messages of the payout process for these platforms.

*Instructions:*
In order to manage effectively the social media platforms (in case the followers ask questions, require additional info or explanations), cooperation regarding given the content and used resources are needed between the Parties.
When tailoring social media messages specialty of the platforms needed to take into consideration. (e.g. Twitter may broadcast only 140 characters of messages, but enable to post pictures or short videos; Facebook is more appropriate to screen longer messages and also enables multimedia content).
### 2 G / Reporting sheet about Communication Messages and Communication Tools

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Function:</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One-sheet document to monitor and evaluate communications flows all along the entire Payout Event.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Instructions:</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Frequency of reporting</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Preferably once a day on the first week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Weekly summary of coverage and key issues.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• End of payout report on total coverage and key themes as well as an assessment of the favourability of coverage.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Contents:</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Short overview of communications activity, coverage and key message delivery and reactions, with qualitative and also quantitative indicators:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a/ Number of incoming calls, media enquiries, media coverages, letter sent etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b/ Qualitative appraisal: positive / neutral / negative tone</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Template:</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>See below.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Template: Reporting sheet

REPORTING SHEET

Host DGS: *(institutional name)*
Dateline:
Reported time period:
Contact person regarding report content:

Summary of the report: *(evaluation, suggestion)*

Earned media:
1. Number of media enquiries: *(Number)* □ Increasing □ Decreasing □ Stagnate
2. Main focus topics of the enquiries: .................................................................
3. Tone of coverages: *(neutral, positive, negative)*
4. Unexpected topic need to be handle:

Paid media:
5. Number and place of coverages:
   *(Identification of the Media 1)*: *(Number)*: *(Place)*:
   *(Identification of the Media 2)*: *(Number)*: *(Place)*:

Social media:
6. Volume of mentions/retweets/shares: *(Number)*
7. Main place of activity: *(Twitter, Facebook, else)*
8. Tone of mentions: *(neutral, positive, negative)*
9. Unexpected topic need to be handle: ............... 

Call Center:
10. Number of operators in charge:
11. Volume of incoming calls *(per Day/Week)*: □ Increasing □ Decreasing □ Stagnate 
12. Rate of abandoned calls: (%)
13. Tone of the calls (average): *(neutral, positive, negative)*
CHAPTER 7: FINANCIAL SPECIFICATIONS AND COSTS

1 Acknowledgement form

To be completed later on

2 Cash reconciliation report

The Host DGS shall provide on a weekly basis (or otherwise agreed in bilateral agreement) a report in which the balance between cash received from the Home DGS and cash paid when performing the Payout Process.

The prescribed report format is the following one:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cash reconciliation file provided by Host to Home (template)</th>
<th>week 1</th>
<th>week 2</th>
<th>week 3</th>
<th>week 4</th>
<th>week 5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bank account starting balance</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash received</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depositors Payout</td>
<td>-5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>-20</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Host costs repayment</td>
<td>-1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>-1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interests received</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank account closing balance</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3 Costs assessment prior to the Payout

The Host DGS shall provide on a yearly basis a list of services it can provide under the Cooperation agreement and the associated costs. It shall revise on a yearly basis the estimated Costs.

The prescribed cost matrix to be used by the Host DGS splits the Costs between external costs and internal costs as well as between fixed costs and variable costs. It is communicated on a yearly basis to the Home DGS after its update by the Host DGS.
The cost matrix shall reflect estimated costs for a standard cross border payout with [500] and [10 000] depositors. The Host DGS shall inform the Home DGS, as soon as it becomes aware of it, of any significant cost slippage compared with cost estimates.

**Definitions**

Fixed costs represent costs which do not vary much with the number of depositors

Variable costs represent costs which are directly linked to the number of depositors.

**Prescribed template for the cost matrix:**

Cost estimate database (in Host currency)

Two databases should be completed with 500 Depositors assumption on one hand, and a 10 000 Depositors assumption on the other hand.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expenses categories</th>
<th>Agreed Services</th>
<th>Fixed costs</th>
<th>Variable costs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>De minimis Communication Tools</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editing and printing documents</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press Relations management</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone number activation</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Web Page development and maintenance</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Translation/interpretation</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other Communication Tools</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Media buying expenses</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social media management</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editing, printing and sending general letters to Depositors</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editing, printing and sending personalized letters to Depositors</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depositors with SCV data</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tools at the Host Relevant Institution: web site, social media platform, printed documents at branches...</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tools at the Paying Agent Bank: web site, social media platform, printed documents at branches...</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other: ...................................</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Costs related to Payout process</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank fees</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fee per payout: agent bank fee, issue of cheques, postal costs</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fee related to money transfers Home / Host</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currency conversion costs</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment instructions processing</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Man hours related to manual checks / control</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Man hours related to processing Home’s instructions</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IT</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobilisation of IT resources</td>
<td>Y/N</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### external IT costs related to the payout

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Y/N</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reconciliations and reports to Home DGS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### claim handling

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Y/N</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lawyers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Claim on Temporary High Balances</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal fees</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depositors requests management</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### General

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Y/N</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Administration</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management of the outsourcing contracts entailed by the pay out</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reconciliations/ Accountings</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depositor’s relationship (other than mail handling and call center)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Training</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage and retrieval of documents</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home DGS’ auditor requests</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The total salary costs of the employees working for the Payout Process are included in the costs matrix above, nevertheless, the Host DGS specifies average total salary costs for managers and staff.

A daily manager cost is:

A daily staff cost is:

This cost matrix is used as a basis to assess a cost per depositor and therefore the amount to be paid in advance by the Home DGS to cover the Host DGS costs using the actual Payout Event figures. The Host DGS, therefore inform the Home DGS about an estimated cost per depositor using as a reference the cost forecast in 2 Repayment scenarios (500 Depositors and 10000 Depositors) and the scope of service defined in the Agreement.

## 4 Cost monitoring during the payout and final costs billing procedure

The Host DGS is responsible for maintaining a cost tracking database between the Payment Event date and the date of the last Repayment. This database is sent at least on a monthly basis in order for the Home DGS to follow costs build up and also perform its accounting duties. The cost tracking format has to be similar to the costs matrix used prior to the Payout Event to assess advance payments. Costs cross charged are also included in one or several invoices, the Host DGS sends to the Home DGS.
Moreover, the Home DGS and the Host DGS agree at some point but not later than 6 months after the end of the payout on a final reconciliation, in regard to the payout only, and any remaining funds shall be returned to the Home DGS. The final reconciliation document includes:
- a list of costs by cost categories
- the Payout Process costs amounts with a split between internal and external cost
- the amounts paid to Eligible Depositors.
CHAPTER 8: SPECIFICATIONS FOR TRANSFERRING CONTRIBUTIONS

This chapter might be completed in a later version of this Rulebook, as far as it appears needed by EFDI.
CHAPTER 9: SPECIFICATIONS FOR MUTUAL LENDING AND BORROWING

This chapter might be completed in a later version of this Rulebook, as far as it appears needed by EFDI.
APPENDIX

(Additional information)

1 Payment Method Matrix

2 Preferences of Home DGSs for Exchange Mechanism

3 Payout timeframes of Home DGSs

4 Temporary High Balances regimes of Home DGSs
APPENDIX 1: Payment Method Matrix

(as of MM/YY)

This Appendix shall be completed with the data provided by Host DGSs, at the latest when sending the letter of adherence to EFDI. It might be attached to the Rulebook as an Excel spreadsheet in a later version.

Alphabetical order per country, per DGS

DGS XXXX Payment Method 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Payment Provider</th>
<th>(Agent Bank/ Postal Office/ SEPA/CHAPS/SWIFT/ BACS/ External Provider/...)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Payment Method</td>
<td>(Electronic/ Cash/ Cheque/ Pre Paid Card/ Payment advice/...)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preference (ranking)</td>
<td>(1/2 /3 /...)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Character Set Restrictions</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currencies Supported</td>
<td>(EUR - GBP - CHF - SEK - BGN - HRK - CZK - DKK - HUF - ISK - LTL - NOK - PLN - RON - others)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment Instruction Unique Identifier</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCV ID</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full Name</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forename</td>
<td>(Y = required by Payment Method/ C = Conditional Mandatory (please detail)/ N = Not Necessary)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surname</td>
<td>(Y = required by Payment Method/ C = Conditional Mandatory (please detail)/ N = Not Necessary)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Province / State</td>
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<td>Payment Instruction Currency</td>
<td>Mandatory</td>
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DGS XXXX Payment Method 2

DGS YYY Payment Method 1

....
APPENDIX 2: Preferences of Home DGSs for Exchange Mechanism
(as of MM/YY)

This Appendix shall be completed with the data provided by Home DGSs, at the latest when sending the letter of adherence to EFDI. It might be attached to the Rulebook as an Excel spreadsheet in a later version.

**Alphabetical order per country, per DGS**

DGS XXXX

DGS XXXX
APPENDIX 3: Payout timeframes of Home DGSs
(as of MM/YY)

This Appendix shall be completed with the data provided by Home DGSs, at the latest when sending the letter of adherence to EFDI. It might be attached to the Rulebook as an Excel spreadsheet in a later version.

Alphabetical order per country, per DGS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DGS XXXX</th>
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<td>Partial Payouts – before 2024 (art 7.4)</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Payout timeframe for home depositors (working days)</td>
<td>Estimated deadline for sending Payment Instructions (working days)</td>
<td>Applicability of partial payouts</td>
<td>Cost of living applicable</td>
<td>Risk of delaying full payout process</td>
<td>Significance of the delay</td>
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<tr>
<td>aa days (bb after mm/yy)</td>
<td>cc days</td>
<td>Yes/ No</td>
<td>XXX currency</td>
<td>High/ Medium/ Low/ None</td>
<td>Severe/ Significant/ Low/ None</td>
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<td>High/ Medium/ Low/ None</td>
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APPENDIX 4: Temporary High Balances (THB) regimes of Home DGSs
(as of MM/YY)

This Appendix shall be completed with the data provided by Home DGSs, at the latest when sending the letter of adherence to EFDI. It might be attached to the Rulebook as an Excel spreadsheet in a later version.

Alphabetical order per country, per DGS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>THB events covered</th>
<th>THB Coverage limits</th>
<th>Delay for repayment</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>xx dd/mm after xxxx</td>
<td>Event 1 Event 2 Event 3 Event 4</td>
<td>Amounts Currency</td>
<td>xx days after duly documented claim</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DGS XXXX</th>
<th>Deadline for accepting THB claims</th>
<th>THB events covered</th>
<th>THB Coverage limits</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>xx dd/mm after xxxx</td>
<td>Event 1 Event 2 Event 3 Event 4</td>
<td>Amounts Currency</td>
<td>xx days after duly documented claim</td>
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</tbody>
</table>